# **Instructions for Use**







# Table of contents

About th	ese instructions for use	
1.1 Targe	t groups	
1.2 Labelling of notes		
	t this translated version	
Product	information	
2.1 Stand	lards and regulations	
	ded use	
2.2.1		
2.2.2	Media	
	Drainage capacity	
2.3 Produ	uct description	
2.3.1	Overview	
2.3.2	Technical data	
2.4 Inform	nation for use	
2.4.1		
2.4.2	Sealing	
2.4.3	Fire protection	
2.5 Requ	ired accessories	
Handling		
3.1 Assembly information		
3.1.1	Important note	
3.1.2		
3.1.3	Tools and materials	
3.2 Asser	nbly	
3.2.1	Connecting the drain	
3.2.2	Prepare for subsequent work	
3.2.3	Sealing the drain	
3.2.4	Mounting the top	
3.3 Care_		
3.3.1	Care tips	
3.3.2	Cleaning the drain	
3.4 Disno	eal	



# 1 About these instructions for use

Trade mark rights exist for this document, further information can be found at *viega.com/legal*.

# 1.1 Target groups

The information in this instruction manual is directed at the following groups of people:

- Heating and sanitary professionals and trained personnel
- Tilers
- Consumers

It is not permitted for individuals without the abovementioned training or qualification to mount, install and, if required, maintain this product. This restriction does not extend to possible operating instructions.

The installation of Viega products must take place in accordance with the general rules of engineering and the Viega instructions for use.

# 1.2 Labelling of notes

Warning and advisory texts are set aside from the remainder of the text and are labelled with the relevant pictographs.



#### **DANGER!**

This symbol warns against possible life-threatening injury.



#### **WARNING!**

This symbol warns against possible serious injury.



#### **CAUTION!**

This symbol warns against possible injury.



#### **NOTICE!**

This symbol warns against possible damage to property.



Notes give you additional helpful tips.



### 1.3 About this translated version

This instruction for use contains important information about the choice of product or system, assembly and commissioning as well as intended use and, if required, maintenance measures. The information about the products, their properties and application technology are based on the current standards in Europe (e. g. EN) and/or in Germany (e. g. DIN/DVGW).

Some passages in the text may refer to technical codes in Europe/ Germany. These should serve as recommendations in the absence of corresponding national regulations. The relevant national laws, standards, regulations, directives and other technical provisions take priority over the German/European directives specified in this manual: The information herein is not binding for other countries and regions; as said above, they should be understood as a recommendation.

5



# 2 Product information

# 2.1 Standards and regulations

The following standards and regulations apply to Germany / Europe. National regulations can be found on the relevant web site of your country at *viega.com/standards*.

#### Regulations from section: Sealing

Scope / Notice	Regulations applicable in Germany
Stress class of the underground, as well as suitable bonded sealing	ZDB-Merkblatt 8/2012
Stress class of the underground, as well as suitable bonded sealing	Leitfaden zur Abdichtung im Verbund (AIV)
Approved bonded sealings with proof of practicability in keeping with building law for stress classes A and AO	ETAG 022 T1
Approved bonded sealings with proof of practicability in keeping with building law for stress classes A, B and C	DIBt-Bauregelliste A, Teil 2 des DIBt und Prüfgrundsätze für Abdichtungen im Verbund (PG AIV-F)
Permitted bonded sealings	EN 14891

## Regulations from section: Media

Scope / Notice	Regulations applicable in Germany
Typical domestic wastewater	DIN 1986-3

### 2.2 Intended use

#### 2.2.1 Areas of use

The drain is designed for small to medium volumes of water, which occur in e. g. residential building.

Technical information, see ♥ Chapter 2.3.2 'Technical data' on page 7.



The drain with a horizontal mountable drain elbow is suitable for both mounting in a floor opening as well as for mounting on the floor. The 45° bent drain elbow can be set to a nominal width of 40 or 50.

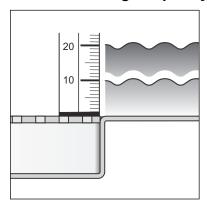
#### 2.2.2 Media

The drain is intended for draining of household-type wastewater in constant operation, see % 'Regulations from section: Media' on page 5.

- The short-term temperature of the wastewater may reach up to 95° C. The temperature must be considerably lower in constant operation.
- The pH value must be higher than 4 but lower than 10.

It is not permitted to introduce wastewater which would damage the product material.

# 2.2.3 Drainage capacity



Drainage capacity at an accumulation height of 10 mm above the grate: 0.4 l/s

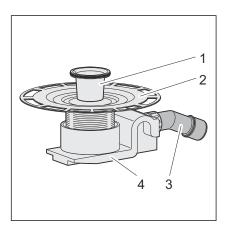
Drainage capacity at an accumulation height of 20 mm above the grate: 0.55 l/s

The values are dependent on the total height (H) of the drain unit.



# 2.3 Product description

### 2.3.1 Overview



- 1 removable odour trap
- 2 flange for the application of the bonded sealing
- 3 45° angled drain socket (DN 50)
- 4 base unit

### 2.3.2 Technical data

Nominal width [DN] (drain socket)	40/50
Drainage capacity	♦ Chapter 2.2.3 'Drainage capacity' on page 6
Dimensions and installation height	Chapter 3.1.2 'Installation dimensions' on page 14
Water head seal	50 mm
Load class	corresponds with the load class of the top used

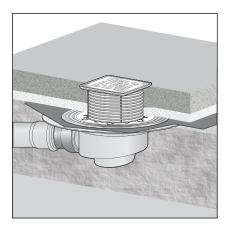
# 2.4 Information for use

### 2.4.1 Installation variations

Installing in a bare concrete floor

The mounting of the drain in a bare concrete floor is as follows:





■ The drain is placed in a floor recess and then cast-in.

# Floor recess

Fig. 1: General installation example -

#### Mounting on a floor

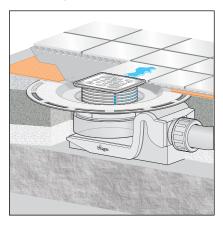


Fig. 2: General mounting example – Mounting on the floor

During the mounting on the floor, the drain is integrated into the floor construction. At the same time, it can e. g. be integrated into the levelling screed or heat insulation. If necessary, a vertical drainpipe can be led through a drill hole in the floor at the same time.



#### NOTICE!

The creation of a floor recess must be agreed with the following people:

- a structural engineer
- the on-site fire protection inspector or the specialist engineer for fire protection

If necessary, proof of compliance with building code or an expert's report must exist.

9



# 2.4.2 Sealing

#### **Bonded sealing**

To protect against moisture penetration, apply sealing foils, which are to be processed in liquid state, directly below the tiles on screed and walls. The determination of the stress class and the underground as well as the selection of the suitable bonded sealing must be carried out in compliance with the valid standards and regulations, see: § 'Regulations from section: Sealing' on page 5.

The bonded seal can be applied directly onto the drain flange.

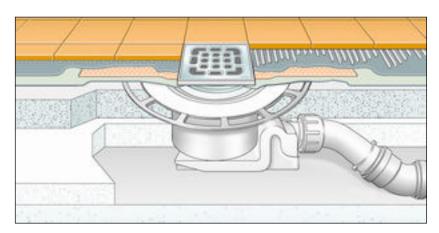


Fig. 3: Diagram of a bonded seal



#### Important note

Careful planning is required for professional sealing. In addition, depending on the individual dampness wear class and the type of foundation, a suitable BS system with a building regulations certificate of suitability must be chosen.

Furthermore, the following factors should be taken into account:

- Drain or shower channel must be equipped with a special flange, which has an adhesive surface and a width of at least 30 mm.
- For bridging the material change from drain to screed, either a suitable sealing collar or sealing tape designed for overlapping with the BS over a width of at least 50 mm must be used.
- The screed must be laid at a minimum incline of 1–2 %.
- The installation must be carried out properly in acc. with the mounting instructions and the manufacturer's information.

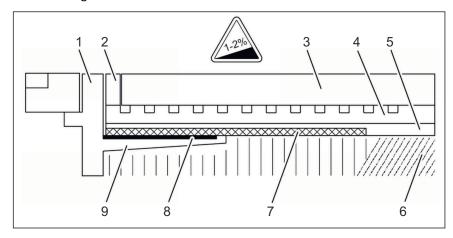


Fig. 4: Construction diagram of the bonded seal - min. screed incline 1-2 %

- 1 Grate
- 2 Top piece with adhesive flange
- 3 Tile
- 4 Tile cement
- 5 Bonded sealing
- 6 Screed
- 7 Sealing collar
- 8 Mat
- 9 Adhesive flange

#### Permitted bonded seals

In connection with suitable drains, only approved bonded sealings with proof of practicability in keeping with building law may be used. See *Begulations from section: Sealing' on page 5.* 

Information regarding the procedure can be found in the instructions for use of the corresponding product.



#### 2.4.3 Fire protection

Advantix shower channels and drains can both be fitted to be fire proof. The R120 pipe lead-in can be used for this purpose in the floor construction. In this way, a fire resistance time of up to 120 minutes can be achieved.

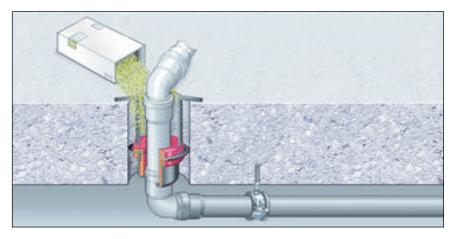


Fig. 5: Example: fire protection pipe lead-in

Mounting instruction of the R120 pipe lead-in see model 4923.5, Art.-No. 491 673.

# 2.5 Required accessories

#### Top

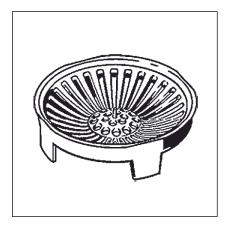


A top must be purchased separately to complete the mounting of the drain.

Advantix tops are available in a number of sizes and variations. You can also only buy an Advantix top frame and then purchase a suitable designer grate separately (see catalogue).



#### Sieve insert



The drain can be fitted with a sieve insert (model 4958) to collect dirt.

#### **Odour barrier**



Advantix drains can be equipped with an additional odour barrier, which also closes the drain odour-tight, if the water seal in the odour trap has evaporated. Odour nuisance is even avoided with drains that are only seldom used. Odour barriers can be found in the catalogue.



# 3 Handling

# 3.1 Assembly information

# 3.1.1 Important note

#### Before assembly:

- Check if the drainage capacity of the drain is sufficient for the arising water volume *♦ Chapter 2.2.3 'Drainage capacity' on page 6.*
- Check if the installation height of the drain corresponds with the planned floor construction.
- Ensure that the required connection line is installed with the necessary incline to the planned installation location.
- If necessary, supply the required accessories *⇔* Chapter 2.5 'Required accessories' on page 11.

#### During assembly:

Observe installation dimensions.

#### After assembly:

■ The drain flange must be fully lined with mortar.



#### 3.1.2 Installation dimensions

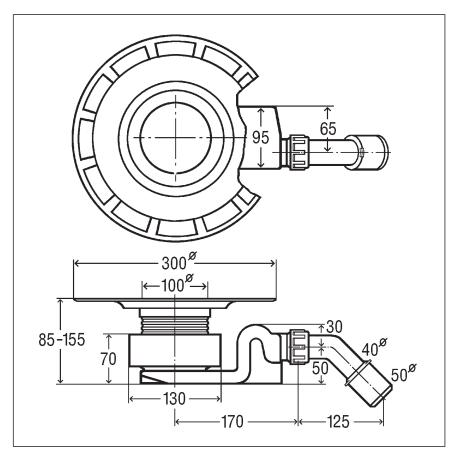


Fig. 6: Dimensional drawing model 4927.1

#### 3.1.3 Tools and materials

#### **Required material**

- Top with grate, if not included in scope of delivery *♦ Chapter 2.3.1* 'Overview' on page 7
- Material for securing the drain

# 3.2 Assembly

### 3.2.1 Connecting the drain

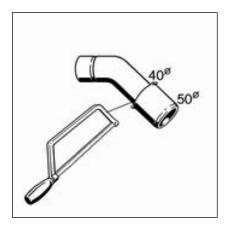
#### Connecting to the wastewater system

The connection to the wastewater system must be completed before the drain can be installed in the floor construction. Proceed as follows:

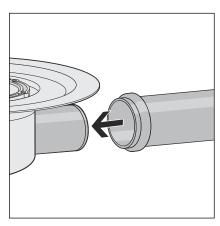
#### Requirements:

- A pipe to the planned drainage position is already in place for the connection to the wastewater system.
- The drainpipe has an internal sealing lip.





Saw drain elbow, if the wastewater pipe only has a diameter of 40 mm.



Push the drain socket into the drainpipe completely.

# 3.2.2 Prepare for subsequent work

A few points must be observed to integrate the drain into the floor construction properly. For this reason, proceed as follows to prepare the drain for subsequent work:

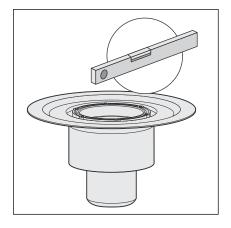


#### Requirements:

- The drain is connected.
- The protective foil and the yellow protective plugs are to be found, undamaged, on the drain.
- Position the drain at the desired height at the place of use.

  Depending on planning, the drain can be integrated into concrete, screed or a heat insulation layer, for example. It is important that the upper edge of the drain flange is flush with the upper edge of the sealing layer. If necessary, raise or lower the drain in the existing floor using suitable material.
- Align drain horizontally using a spirit level.
- Secure the drain in such a way that it cannot shift when the subsequent works are applied.

Most importantly, it must be ensured that the drain does not float when the concrete or screed is poured in.





#### NOTICE!

#### Product damage due to improper installation

If hollow spaces occur during the lining of the drain, leaks may occur when pressure is applied.

Inform the subsequent workers that the drain must be fully lined and that there must be no hollow spaces.

## 3.2.3 Sealing the drain



#### NOTICE!

#### Product damage due to improper installation

If hollow spaces occur during the lining of the drain, leaks may occur when pressure is applied.

Check the proper completion of the subsequent work.



Screed and floor tiles must be laid at an incline of 1-2% in the direction of the drain.

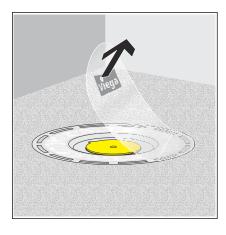
16



#### **Bonded sealing**



- The flange is free of heavy soil.
- The complete surface of the flange is lined with material and undamaged.
- Remove protective foil.

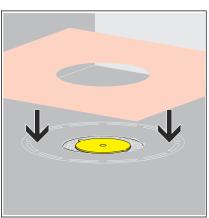


Apply the bonded sealing on the dry screed and spread to the inner edge of the flange fleece.

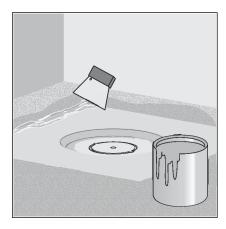
**NOTICE!** Observe the bonded sealing manufacturer's instructions for use.



Lay the sealing collar into the bonded sealing.







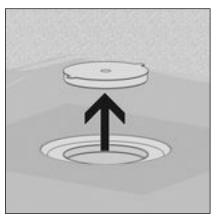
Apply a second layer of bonded sealing onto the sealing collar and, if necessary, onto the floor.

#### 3.2.4 Mounting the top



The top with the grate must still be mounted to finish off the mounting of the drain. Proceed as follows:

- Calculate the height of the floor construction from the edge in the inside of the drain up to the upper edge of the tiles.
- Starting with the upper edge, transfer the measured height onto the top.
- Cut the top to the marked height.



# **INFO!** No backflow seal may be fitted so that any seepage that may occur can drain off without hindrance!

- Remove yellow protective plug.
- Place the top into the drain and align according to the tiles.
- Work the top into the screed or the floor covering.

#### 3.3 Care

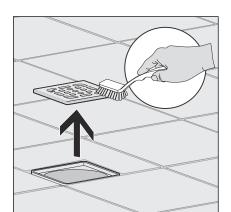
#### 3.3.1 Care tips

Normal soap or a mild cleaning agent can be used for regular care and prevention of lime scale on the grate and frame. Under no circumstances should scouring agent or scratching objects be used.

Strong stains, even around the drain unit and the siphon, can be removed using typical household cleaner. It should be noted that the cleaning agent should be rinsed off after the prescribed soaking time. There should be no residue on the components.

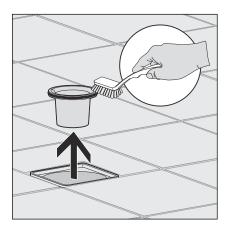


# 3.3.2 Cleaning the drain

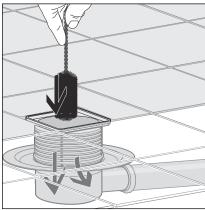


We recommend using a mild cleaning agent and a washing-up brush for cleaning.

Remove and clean grate.



Remove and clean immersion pipe.



- Clean drain.
- Replace immersion pipe.
- Re-insert grate.

# 3.4 Disposal

Separate the product and packaging materials (e. g. paper, metal, plastic or non-ferrous metals) and dispose of in accordance with valid national legal requirements.



